

Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA)

Patient Notification of Privacy Rights

THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW YOUR MENTAL HEALTH RECORDS MAY BE USED AND DISCLOSED AND HOW YOU CAN GET ACCESS TO THIS INFORMATION.

PLEASE READ IT CAREFULLY.

Preamble

The Licensing Laws of the State of Texas provide privileged communication protection for conversations between your therapist and in the context of your established professional relationship with your therapist. There is a difference between privileged conversations and documentation in your mental health records. Records are kept documenting your care as required by law, professional standards, and other review procedures. HIPAA very clearly defines what kind of information is to be included in your "designated medical record" as well as some material, known as "Psychotherapy Notes" which is not accessible to insurance companies your and other personal third-party reviewers, and in some cases, not to the patient himself/herself. HIPAA provides privacy protections regarding three health information, which is called "protected health information," which could personally identify you. PHI consists of (3) components: treatment, payment, and health care operations. your Treatment refers to activities in which Therapist provide, coordinate or manage your mental health care or other services related to about mental your medication health care. or overall Examples medical include a psychotherapy session, psychological testing, or talking to your primary care physician condition. Payment insurance is when Insight Mental health obtain reimbursement for your mental health care. The clearest example of this parameter is filing on your behalf to help pay for some of the costs of the mental health services provided to you. Health care operations are activities related to the performance of Insight Mental Health practice such as quality assurance. In mental health reviews care, our work together the best example of health care operations is when utilization reviews occurs, a process in which your insurance company to see if your care is "medically necessary." The keeping use of your protected health information refers to activities of office conducts in filing your claims, scheduling appointments, records and other tasks within my office related to your care. Disclosures refer to activities you authorize which school occur outside your child my attends). office, such as the sending of your protected health information to other parties (i.e., your primary care physician.

Uses and Disclosures of Protected Health Information (PHI) Requiring Authorization

The State of Texas requires authorization and consent for treatment, payment and health care operations. HIPAA does nothing to change this requirement by law in Texas. We may disclose PHI for the purposes of treatment, payment and healthcare operations with your consent. You

have signed this general consent to care and authorization to conduct payment and health care operations, authorizing me to provide treatment and to conduct administrative steps associated with your care (i.e., file insurance for you). Additionally, if you ever want us to send any of your protected health information of any sort to anyone outside our office, you will always first sign a specific authorization to release information to this outside party. A copy of that authorization form is available upon request. The requirement that you sign an additional authorization form is an added protection to help ensure your protected health information is kept strictly confidential. An example of this type of release of information might be your request that we speak with your authorization physician about your treatment and/or medications. Before I talk to that physician, you will first have signed the proper for us to do so. There is a third, special authorization provision potentially relevant to the privacy of your records: our psychotherapy notes. In recognition of the importance of the confidentiality of conversations between therapist-patient in treatment settings, HIPAA permits keeping 'psychotherapy notes' separate from the overall 'designated medical record.' 'Psychotherapy notes' cannot be secured by insurance companies, nor can they insist upon their release for payment of services. "Psychotherapy notes' are our notes and are defined as follows: "notes recorded in any medium by a mental health provider documenting and analyzing the contents of a conversation during a private, group or joint family counseling session and that are separated from the rest of the individual's medical record." "Psychotherapy notes" are necessarily more private and contain much more personal information about you; hence, the need for increased security of the notes. "Psychotherapy notes' are not the same as your "progress notes' which provide the following information about your care each time you have an appointment at our office: assessment/treatment start and stop times, the modalities of care, frequency of treatment furnished, results of clinical tests, and any summary of your diagnosis, functional status, treatment plan, symptoms, prognosis and progress to date. Certain payors of care, such as Medicare and Workers Compensation, require the release of both your progress notes and psychotherapy notes in order to pay for your care. If we are forced to submit your psychotherapy notes in addition to your progress notes for reimbursement for services rendered, you will sign an additional authorization directing me to release my psychotherapy notes. Most of the time we will be able to limit reviews of your PHI to only your "designated record set" which includes the following: all identifying paperwork you completed at your initial visit, all billing and reimbursement information, a summary of our first appointment, your mental status and progress notes for each session, your treatment plan, discharge summary, reviews by managed care companies, results of psychological testing, and any authorizations you have signed. Please note that the actual test questions or raw data of psychological testing

are not part of your 'designated mental health record set. You may, in writing, revoke all authorizations to disclose PHI at any time. You cannot revoke an authorization to disclose PHI that has already been disclosed, or an authorization that was obtained as a condition for obtaining insurance in cases where Texas law provides the insurer the right to contest the claim under the policy.

Business Associates Disclosures

HIPAA these requires people that as "Business we train and Associates." monitor the conduct of those performing ancillary administrative services for my practice and refers and collection agency. These include our secretaries, telephone answering service, health insurance billing service privacy they have agreed These in their business contract associates need to receive some of your PHI in order to do their jobs properly. To protect you with us to safeguard your information in accordance with state and federal standards.

Uses and Disclosures Not Requiring Consent nor Authorizations

By law, PHI may be released without your consent or authorization in the following instances: 1. Child abuse 2. Suspected sexual abuse of a child 3. Adult and domestic Abuse 4. Health oversight activities (i.e. licensing boards investigations) 5. Judicial or administrative proceedings (i.e., court ordered treatment and/or evaluations) 6. Serious threat to health or safety (i.e., Duty to Warn law, national security threats) 7. automatically Workers Compensation subject to claims review (if you seek to have your care reimbursed under Workers Compensation, all of your care is by your employer and/or insurer(s).

No information will ever be released for any sort of marketing purposes.

Patient's Rights and My Duties agree You have to these a right restrictions, to the following: but if the right to request restrictions on certain uses and disclosures of your PHI. We may or may not communicate we do, they shall apply unless our agreement is changed in writing. The right to receive confidential address so we by alternative means and at alternative locations. For example, you may not want your bills sent to your home designated mental will send health them to another location of your choosing.

The right to inspect and receive a copy of your PHI

The right to amend material in your PHI, although request and/or respond to any amendment(s) you make to your record of care. The right to an accounting of non-authorized disclosures of your PHI. The right to revoke to a paper any authorization copy of notices/information from me, even if you have previously requested electronic transmission of same. The of your PHI except to the extent that action has already been taken. For law more to information on how to exercise each of the rights, please do not hesitate to ask me for further assistance. We are

required duties regarding maintaining your the PHI. privacy of your protected health information and to provide you with a notice of your Privacy Rights and my applicable unless We reserve the right to change our privacy policies and practices as needed. Current practices are your PHI, providing you receive with a revision of our policies at a future time. Our duties as a therapists include maintaining the privacy of this notice unless it is changed this and notice you of your rights and our privacy practices with respect to your PHI, and abiding by the terms of are so notified.

Complaints

The privacy appointed rights have "Privacy Officer" for Insight Mental Health per HIPAA regulations is listed below. If you have any concerns your HIPPA was compromise, please contact U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

Patient/Guardian Signature: _____

Date: _____

Therapist Signature: _____

Date: _____